

Enhanced Single Mode Optical Fibre (ESMF)

Product Type: G.652.D Coating Type: ColorLock[™] and Natural

Draka Comteq Enhanced Single Mode Fibre (ESMF) provides improved performance across the entire 1260 nm to 1625 nm wavelength spectrum. It has a low dispersion in the 1310 nm window and low attenuation in the 1383 nm water-peak region to allow use of the extended band (1360 nm to 1460 nm). With its wide operating spectrum, ESMF expands the future growth capability of the fibre and allows flexible configuration of voice, data, and video services within the fibre. It can be used in all cable constructions, including loose tube, tight buffered, ribbon, and central tube designs.

The tighter geometrical, attenuation and PMD specifications of ESMF enables superior performance in long haul, metropolitan, access and premises applications in telecommunications, CATV and utility networks. ESMF is completely interchangeable with standard single mode fibre.

Draka Comteq's Advanced Plasma and Vapor Deposition (APVD[™]) manufacturing process ensures the highest quality and purity of fibres. Proprietary ColorLock[™] coating process further enhances the performance, durability and reliability of the fibre, even in the harshest environments.

The fibre complies with or exceeds the ITU-T Recommendation G.652.D, the IEC Int. Standard 60793-2-50 type B.1.3 Optical Fibre Specification, Telcordia GR-20-CORE, ANSI/ICEA S-87-640 and RUS 7CFR 1755.900.

Features	Benefits
Low 1383 nm (water-peak) attenuation	 Provides expanded fibre capacity and cost savings
	through use of cheaper lasers in the entire 1260 to
	1625 nm range, multiplexing filters and higher number
	of channels
Low hydrogen sensitivity	Low attenuation in the 1383 nm region even as fibre
	ages, for improved performance and long life
• Lower PMD of 0.06 ps/ \sqrt{km} link design value	 Extends the PMD distance performance, reducing
	regeneration costs
Low 1460 nm attenuation (< 0.25 dB/km)	 Easy design of low cost laser and filter based systems
	over a wide wavelength range
	Ensure efficient Raman pumping for C-band amplification
 Proprietary APVD[™] manufacturing process 	 Superior geometry, uniformity and purity
 Revolutionary ColorLock coating process 	 Increased reliability, durability, and superior aging
	performance, resulting in lower maintenance and
	replacement costs
	 Makes colour a component of the coating, thus enhancing
	fibre identification and coloured fibre reliability
	Consistent, vibrant colour for easy-of-use and flexibility

Draka Comteq | Optical Fibre

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Attenuation at 1310 nm Attenuation at 1383 nm* Attenuation at 1460 nm Attenuation at 1550 nm Attenuation at 1625 nm * Including H2-aging according to IEC 60793-2-50, Other values available on request. Attenuation vs. Wavelength Maximum attenuation change over the window from Wavelength range (nm) Reference λ (nm) 1285 - 1330 1310 1525 - 1575 1550 1460 - 1625 1550 Point discontinuities No point discontinuities No point discontinuity greater than 0.05 dB at 1310 Attenuation with Bending Number of Mandrel Wavelengt Turns Diameter (nm) 100 50 1310 100 50 1550 100 60 1625 Cutoff Wavelength Cable Cutoff wavelength (λ_{ccf}) Mode Field Diameter Wavelength (nm) 1310 1550 Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) 1285 - 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ_0): Slope (S ₀) at λ_0 :	reference Difference (dB/km) ≤ 0.03 ≤ 0.02 ≤ 0.04 nm or 1550 nm.
Attenuation at 1460 nm Attenuation at 1550 nm Attenuation at 1625 nm * Including H2-aging according to IEC 60793-2-50, Other values available on request. Attenuation vs. Wavelength Maximum attenuation change over the window from Wavelength range (nm) Reference λ (nm) 1285 - 1330 1310 1525 - 1575 1550 Point discontinuities No point discontinuity greater than 0.05 dB at 1310 No point discontinuity greater than 0.05 dB at 1310 100 50 1310 100 50 1310 100 50 1550 Cutoff Wavelength Cable Cutoff wavelength (λ_{ccf}) Mode Field Diameter Wavelength (nm) 1310 1310 1550 Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) Chromatic Disp 1310 1550 Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) Chromatic Disp 1285 – 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ_0):	0.25 0.19 – 0.21 0.20 – 0.23 <i>type B.1.3</i> reference Difference (dB/km) ≤ 0.03 ≤ 0.02 ≤ 0.04 nm or 1550 nm. gth Induced Attenuation (dB) ≤ 0.05 ≤ 0.05
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Wavelength (nm) 1310 1550 Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) 1285 – 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	≤ 1260 nm
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Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) Chromatic Disp 1285 – 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	MFD (µm)
Chromatic Dispersion Wavelength (nm) Chromatic Disp 1285 – 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	9.2 ± 0.4
Wavelength (nm) Chromatic Disp 1285 – 1330 1550 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ_0): 1625	10.3 ± 0.5
1285 – 1330 1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	
1550 1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	persion (ps/[nm.km])
1625 Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ ₀):	3 ≥ ≤ 18.0
Zero Dispersion Wavelength (λ_0):	≤ 18.0 ≤ 22.0
	≥ 22.0 1300 - 1322 nm
	≤ 0.090 ps/(nm ² .km)
Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD)	
	(ps√km)
PMD Link Design Value**	≦ 0.06
Max. Individual Fibre	≤ 0.1
** According to IEC 60794 -3, Ed 3 (Q=0.01%)	

Geometrical Specifications		
Glass Geometry		
Cladding Diameter	125.0 ± 0.7 μm	
Core/Cladding Concentricity	≤ 0.5 μm ≤ 0.7 %	
Cladding Non-Circularity Fibre Curl (radius)	≤ 0.7 % ≥ 4 m	
Coating Geometry		
Coating Diameter	242 ± 7 μm	
Coating / Cladding Concentricity	≤ 12 µm	
Coating Non-Circularity	≤ 5 %	
Lengths	Standards lengths up to 50.4 km	
Mechanical Specifications Proof test		
The entire length is subjected to a tensile proof stress > 0.7 GPa (100 kpsi); 1% strain equivalent.		
Tensile Strength Dynamic tensile strength (0.5 meter gauge	re length);	
Aged*** and unaged median > 3.8 GPa		
*** Aging at 85°C, 85% RH, 30 days	(000	
Dynamic and Static Fatigue		
Dynamic fatigue, unaged and aged***	n _d > 20	
Static fatigue, aged***	n _s > 23	
Coating Performance Coating strip force unaged and aged****:		
- Average strip force: 1 N to 3 N		
 Peak strip force: 1.3 N to 8.9 N (0.2 lbf to 2.0 lbf) **** Aging: 		
• 0°C and 45°C		
 30 days at 85°C and 85% RH 		
 14 days water immersion at 23°C 		
Wasp spray exposure (Telco	rdia)	
Environmental Specifications		
Environmental Test Test Conditions Induced Attenuation at 1310, 1550 nm (dB/km)		
Temperature cycling -60°C to	85°C ≤ 0.05	
Temperature10°C to 85°C,	4-98% RH ≤ 0.05	
Humidity cycling		
Water Immersion 14 days; 2		
Dry Heat 30 days; Damp Heat 30 days; 85°C		
Damp rieat 30 days, 63 C	, 00 /0 TXTT \$ 0.00	
Typical Characterisation Valu	es	
Nominal Zero Dispersion Slope	0.085 ps/(nm ² .km)	
Effective group index @ 1310 nm	1.467	
Effective group index @ 1550 nm Effective group index @ 1625 nm	1.468 1.468	
	1.400	
Rayleigh Backscatter Coefficient for 1 ns	pulse width:	
@ 1310 nm	–79.4 dB	
@ 1550 nm	–81.7 dB	
@ 1625 nm	-82.5 dB	
Median Dynamic Tensile Strength 750 kpsi / 5.3 GPa (Aged at 85°C, 85% RH, 30 days; 0,5 m gauge length)		